

# Louisville Evening Express.

OLD SERIES—VOL. XXV.

LOUISVILLE, THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 10, 1869.

NEW SERIES—VOL. I, NO. 46.

Daily Weather Bulletin.  
By Western Union Telegraph Lines for June  
10, 1869.

CITY	WIND.	TH'.	WEATHER.
Louisville	W.	67	Clear.
Memphis	W.	70	Clear.
Nashville	N. E.	70	Clear.
Chicago	N. E.	68	Clear.
Pittsburg	W.	69	Cloudy.
St. Louis	W.	70	Clear.
Plaster Cove	N. W.	61	Clear.
Charleston	N. E.	64	Clear.
Boston	W.	61	Cloudy.
New York	W.	60	Cloudy.
Baltimore	S. W.	68	Cloudy.
Richmond	S. W.	61	Rainy.
Washington	S. E.	64	Rainy.
Augusta	S. E.	78	Cloudy.
Key West	E.	84	Cloudy.
Knoxville	S. W.	78	Cloudy.
Chattanooga	W.	75	Cloudy.
Houston	N. E.	78	Clear.
Mobile	N. E.	78	Cloudy.
Natchez	S. E.	78	Cloudy.
St. Louis	W.	79	Clear.
New Orleans			

## THE CITY.

### General Halleck.

It is stated that General Halleck and staff left San Francisco for this city yesterday. He comes by rail.

### Thanks.

Mr. J. Merrifield, conductor of the silver-palace car, has our thanks for New York papers fifteen hours in advance of the mails.

### New Music.

Mountain Moss Rose Waltz is the title of a new piece of music, a copy of which has been laid on our table, by Mr. Will. S. Hays, music dealer, 110 Fourth street.

### Girl Lost.

A little girl, about four years old, was found on the streets yesterday. She can be found at the residence of Mrs. Carroll, on Floyd street, between Jefferson and Green.

### Quick Time.

Jacob Schmidt, a cigar manufacturer on Market street, yesterday received a letter from San Francisco, just five days on the road from time of starting. How's that, for high?

### I. O. G. T.

The Good Templars of Portland will organize a new lodge of this order at Masonic Hall, on Market street, between Commercial and Grove (Portland). Addresses and speeches will be made by prominent officers of the order in this city, and a pleasant time is anticipated.

### Boy Killed.

A son of Capt. Jones, of Henryville, Ind., about ten years of age, in attempting to get on the Northbound board freight train, at that place, about 9 o'clock this morning, fell under the cars, which passed over him, nearly cutting him in two across the breast and, of course, killing him instantly.

### Board of Trade Meeting.

As will be seen from an official notice in our advertising columns to-day, there will be a meeting of the Louisville Board of Trade this evening at 7 o'clock to take into consideration a communication from the Board of Trade of Columbus, Ga., complaining of injurious discriminations against that city in freight tariffs, and to attend to other business.

### A Sneak Thief and How he was Serviced.

Yesterday a man entered a fancy store on Fourth street, and loitered about, up and down the room, for some time, not saying a word to any one. The proprietor of the establishment watched him closely, not liking the fellow's sneaking appearance. Pretty soon he saw the fellow, very slyly, slip under his coat a small looking-glass and a large bottle of fine olive oil. The thief then started to leave, but the proprietor caught him by the collar, dragged him into a rear room, and made him disgorge. He then placed the rascal on the end of his double-soled foot, and in this manner gently got him out on the curbstone. That thief will never go into that store again.

### Black and Black.

Tom Taylor is a naughty colored boy. Last Tuesday evening Thomas attacked a stable-colored damsel with a Roman nose and a black strawberry mark over her left eye. Tom found her in Congress alley, and picked her in a furious manner, putting another strawberry mark over her eye, and also placing his fist in her mouth in a manner so ungenteel as to cause blood to issue therefrom. For all and singular Thomas was charged a "saw-buck."

### Noisy Boys.

Last evening officers Figg and Brownrigg arrested a considerable number of boys and young men, at the corner of Shelby and Elm streets, where stands a pump. Around the pump these boys and young men have been wont to gather each evening and create fun for themselves and a nuisance for the neighbors therabouts. The young men and lads were before the City Court this morning, but, after giving them a piece of good advice, *ad interim* Judge Joseph discharged them, and told them to go home to their good mothers and be well-behaved and orderly young citizens hereafter.

### Too Funny.

Mike O'Kane, like every true Irishman, is full of fun and folly. This is all very well; but Michael also gets full of Bourbon sometimes, and when he does this, he becomes altogether too funny. He did the latter last night. He was in his own house, on Hancock street, when he became so funny. The neighbors said Mike had been in that funny mood for two weeks, and one witness, in court this morning, testified that he had slept only last Friday, all on account of Mike's funny noises. For further particulars, see Police Court proceedings.

### SUPPOSED ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

#### A Well-known and Highly-esteemed Citizen Takes an Ounce of Laudanum.

#### His Recovery is Doubtful.

Yesterday, Mr. E. H. Chamberlain, a highly-esteemed and well-known citizen, who has kept a grocery store at the corner of Third and Breckinridge streets for two years past, and who lives on Breckinridge street, between Second and Third, called at a drug store at the corner of Breckinridge and proceeded to his home. He immediately went into his room, up stairs, and on being called to dinner by his daughter, said he was unwell and would not be down to dinner. He said his illness was not of a serious nature, and desired to be allowed to take a sleep of an hour or so, saying he would be better then.

At 5 o'clock in the evening his daughter went into his room and endeavored to wake him, but after making several vain attempts to do that, discovered that he was insensible. Dr. Dougherty and two other excellent physicians were at once summoned, and proceeded to the house. A brief examination of their patient failed to prove beyond a doubt that he had taken poison. After applying a stomach pump and other instruments of a similar character, they succeeded in reviving him to partial consciousness. The physicians worked upon the unfortunate man assiduously during the entire night, often being compelled to lash the man furiously to prevent his falling into the fatal slumber which follows the administration of so heavy a dose of the poisonous drug, laudanum.

After making numerous inquiries, it was ascertained that he had purchased, as above stated, an ounce of laudanum from the drug store named while going to his home at noon yesterday. The bottle that contained the poison could not be found, though industrious search was made for the same, and it is supposed he swallowed the entire ounce of the vial contained and threw the bottle away.

It is difficult to tell whether the unfortunate man intended to commit suicide or not, as he has not been sufficiently conscious since he was first found insensible to give any explanation in regard to his purpose when he swallowed the fearful dose. It is rumored that his business transactions have not been satisfactory to him of late, and it is thought by some of his intimate friends that this may have had a serious effect upon his mind, and perhaps rendered him partially insane, although his actions have never warranted such supposition, as he has always been cheerful in his conversation with his family and friends.

Mr. Chamberlain is about fifty or fifty-five years of age. He is a most excellent and interesting family, consisting of his wife and two children—a daughter and son. He was engaged in the grocery business in Jeffersonville for many years, in which place, as in this city, he has hosts of admiring and loving friends. Always upright—generous to fault, temperate, industrious and jovial-natured—all who made his acquaintance became his friends.

At noon to-day it was almost impossible to conjecture whether he would recover, but his chances are said to be exceedingly dubious. His death would be a heavy loss to the community and a sad bereavement to his wife and children, to whom he has ever been a kind husband and indulgent father.

### Innocence.

Greenhorns, or careless individuals, always contrive to find a way to show their innocence at public assemblies and in public places. Last evening, at the close of the commencement exercises of Grant & Butler's school, in Masonic Temple, an individual, who stood up in the rear end of the hall, found an excellent opportunity to absorb the attention of the whole audience.

The minister acting chaplain on the occasion rose upon the stage and slowly and solemnly stretched forth his hands as a signal for the audience to rise from their seats while he pronounced the benediction. The audience rising, though there must be something immensely interesting and exciting going on the stage. So, to show his appreciation (and innocence), he brought a huge cane, he carried down on the floor with terrible force and rapid repetition until a bystander nudged him and modestly informed him that the minister officiating was only praying on the stage. Greeny said not a word, but quietly passed out of the nearest door into the street.

### Misplaced Confidence.

A horse attached to a dray, was being driven along on Fourth street yesterday when a street-car filled with beautiful and fashionably dressed ladies passed by him, in close proximity to his nose. As the car was rubbing along against the horse's head he espied in one of the windows thereof what he took for a bunch of green sprigs of grass. To use a vulgar term, he made one "ragged snatch" for the supposed tuft of grass, and totally demolished a latest-style and "perfectly sweet" bonnet on the head of a lady sitting near the aforesaid window. One bite was sufficient to let the poor animal know that he was a victim of misplaced confidence. The animal shook his head contemptuously, and the lady screamed. Ladies, take warning, and don't go near horses with fashionable bonnets on your heads.

### GRANT & BUTLER'S SCHOOL.

#### Annual Commencement.

A more cultivated and refined audience never assembled in Masonic Temple than that which last night greeted the pupils of this celebrated school at their annual commencement. The stage was tastefully decorated with evergreens and a profusion of natural flowers, only less beautiful than the lovely girls who occupied it.

The following is the programme of the exercises:

#### Piano Quartette.

#### PRAYER.

#### Chorus.

#### Piano Duet.

#### Solatatory.

#### Miss Kate Jones.

#### Piano Duet.

#### Half Chorus.

#### Stars that gem the sky.

#### Piano Duet.

#### Miss Lizzie H. Murphy.

#### Down Among the Lilies.

#### From Troatov.

#### Birds Awaking.

#### The Class of 1869.

#### Miss Maria G. Bruce.

#### Song—Gypsies.

#### Chorus.

#### Woman.

#### Herdman's Mountain Home.

#### Woman's Rights.

#### Miss Salie Herndon.

#### Solo.

#### Salut a France.

#### Piano Solo.

#### Home Sweet Home.

#### Call of the Fairies.

#### Valedictory.

#### Miss Florence Jones.

#### Yankee Train.

#### Distant Chimes.

#### Conferring Diplomas and Address to the Graduates.

#### By Professor Butler.

#### THE COURTS.

### TOWN TOPICS.

#### Strawberries.

The finest lot of strawberries and fruit to be found in the city, are at the fruit depot of Mr. Duncan, of Central Market. See advertisement.

#### Pelle & Knoop.

The best place to obtain a nicely fitting suit of clothes, at reasonable prices, is at the establishment of Pelle and Knoop, merchant tailors, corner of Fifth street and Court Place. Their stock of summer wear is large and assorted, and they rank as first-class tailors and business men. If anything is wanted in their line, don't fail to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

#### Gay's China Palace.

The China Palace at the corner of Fourth and Green streets, is one of the finest china-rooms in the city. The stock of glass, cutlery, plated ware, waiters, fancy goods, etc., is elegant and complete, embracing everything modern and improved. We noticed particularly some highly finished toilet cases, which are for sale cheap. Call and look over the assortment. There is nothing in the china line which cannot be found there.

#### IN TOWN.

John Chapman, the "Champion" billicker of Cincinnati, was in town this morning. He weighs something less than five hundred pounds, doesn't drink lager beer, and is the "firmest man in Cincinnati."

#### THE COURTS.

#### Louisville City Court.

#### LAFAYETTE JOSÉPH, JUDGE, PRO TEM.

#### TUESDAY, JUNE 10.

#### What does all this mean?

#### A row in the court?

#### The attorneys are fighting,

#### But nobody's hurt.

#### Better fine 'em three dollars

#### And send 'em to jail.

#### Or fine 'em for backhouse,

#### And don't let 'em have bail.

#### When attorneys make fees, they will have bitter, and, taking bitters, they become quite mory. Ten o'clock lunch went up things, ginned out the last red of cash on hand. Yesterday the docket closed for another thirty days; so hay-makin' time is over—till the grand jury kills another kiss and turns it up to the sun. This is what we call "rule of law."

#### But what has this to do with John Connally, who was gobbled up in Smoketown for taking night lodgings on Bill Porter's door-step without paying his bill. Yoh-nas was out of means, but went it on his muscle, and proposes setting up at seventy-five cents per day till ten per diem are counted.

#### Walter Lithgow! Walter Lithgow!

#### Walter Lithgow! three times yelled out by the

#### time he came to court.

#### John Connally, Fred.

#### John Connally, Fred.

#### John Connally, Fred.

#### John Conn

# DAILY EXPRESS.

PUBLISHED BY THE  
EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY.  
OFFICE —  
No. 112 JEFFERSON STREET.

## TERMS.

One copy, one year, by mail..... \$5 00  
One copy, six months, by mail..... 4 50  
One copy, three months, by mail..... 2 25  
One copy, one month, by mail..... 75  
NOT PAYABLE ALREADY IN ADVANCE.  
Delivered in the city, 15 cents per week,  
payable to the carrier. To News Agents, 2  
cents per copy.

## LOUISVILLE.

THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1869.

### Cuba and her Neighbors.

The dispatches indicate that others of the South American States are inclined to follow Peru in the recognition of the Queen of the Andes. There seems to be some disposition in that region to make common cause with Cuba against Spain. Well, we shall not be disappointed at a result of that kind. We know that many of the South American States feel very unkind toward Spain, and now is about a good time as they will ever have for showing their hostility. Their opposition to Spain now manifested in behalf of Cuba will amount to something.

It does seem to us that all things are tending toward the certain and permanent separation of Cuba from Spain forever. The troops sent out by Spain to subdue the island are not sufficiently united to be efficient, and Spain has not the sympathy of any nation who can be of any service to her in her undertaking against her West India possession. The world feels that Cuba ought to be severed from Spain, and it does look like the world will have its wish. The rebels in Cuba have held out long enough to secure friends and helpers who will not let them fail.

All is confusion at this moment while the rebels are united and determined. And now that help has begun to find its way into the island, in the shape of men, and arms, and ammunition and money and provisions from the United States, we do not see how Spain is to avoid a failure in her undertaking to subdue the insurgents. Enough men and munitions will go from the United States to secure the independence of the island, no matter how watchful may be those who undertake to prevent them.

### The New Spanish Constitution.

The new Spanish Constitution has been duly published. It has been proclaimed to the people, and now it is for the people to try it and determine how they like it. It is not the republican document that was promised when Queen Isabella was compelled to leave the country. We were then assured that the Spaniards were tired of a monarchical form of government, and that they would try a republican. But that was a mistake—as great a mistake as the Cortes made when it undertook to subdue the insurgents in Cuba.

The next question to be settled is, who will be monarch of the new Spanish monarchy? It is possible that Serrano, Topete, and Prim will prolong a regency as long as possible, but a regency must have an end. It can't last always, not very long either. Who then is to be the monarch? The Spaniards themselves don't know, and, of course, we will not be expected to guess. We will venture the opinion, however, than Napoleon III. knows more about this matter than any man in Spain. The French monarch will have something to say about the Spanish; and if a Bourbon is to sit upon the throne of Spain the prospects of the issue of Isabella are by no means hopeless. Prim, Serrano and Topete may incline to prolong a regency until the country can be made ripe for a Republic, but they will not be allowed to accomplish that end. That a monarchical constitution has been adopted seals the fate of the republican element in Spain, and makes a king upon the Spanish throne only a question of time, and that time, in our opinion, now very near at hand.

### A Spanish Epitaph.

We have wandered through many graveyards and have seen some very strange epitaphs. But we have never seen anything to equal one which recently appeared in a Spanish journal. It is a mingling of feeling and business without parallel in that or any other country, so far as our information goes. Here are the pious words of the living over the last resting place of their beloved dead:

This morning our Saviour summoned away the siebler Siebel Iilmaga from his shop to another and a better world. The underigned, his widow, will weep upon his tomb, as will also his two daughters, Hilda and Emma, the former of whom is married, and the latter is open to an offer. The funeral will take place to-morrow. His disconsolate widow.

VERONIQUE ILLMAGA.  
P. S.—This bereavement will not interfere with our business, which will be carried on as usual, only our place of business will be removed from No. 4 Rue de Missionnaire, as our grasping landlord has raised our rent.

The new Captain-General of Cuba, Ca. tallers de Rodas, is about forty-seven years of age, and was previous to the revolution of last fall, of but little note in Spain. He is said to be a brave, daring man, and distinguished himself during the late revolution in Spain. It is expected that his policy will be "thorough" in Cuba, and that he will, if he can, make short work of the insurrection in that island. The resignation of Gen. Dulce as Captain-General of Cuba, created great excitement in the Spanish Cortes; and yet, it was understood that he was instructed to resign, as he had been too lenient.

A PIECE of track on the Oil Creek Railroad, over a great bog, gave way on the 30th ult., allowing three cars to sink. In two days they got twelve feet below the surface. The bog has been sounded, and found to be thirty-eight feet deep.

### A Hundred Thousand Damages.

The great breach of promise case has come to an end in Chicago, and the jury has given Miss Craig \$100,000 damages. That will do pretty well for a Chicago jury. It is what we call heavy damages in this country and it would not be light in any country.

At this distance it is rather difficult to conjecture why the jury gave such a verdict. One reason that might be assigned is that the plaintiff asked that sum. She seems to have valued the promise of marriage made to her by Sprague at that sum, and the jury, no doubt, considered her judgment conclusive on the subject.

The more probable reason, however, that ruled in the jury-box, was the character of the parties and the letter of Sprague. Miss Craig was a maiden well-stricken in years, with no particular charms to captivate the ardent soul of love. And yet the vulgar old Sprague made a love-stroke of years at the fortress of her heart, and after carrying it with such missiles as have seldom been sent at anything on this earth, he abandoned the victory he had won. If any one will read the love-letters of Sprague, he will understand at once why the jury saddled upon him an hundred thousand. Any woman, even Miss Craig not excepted, ought to have an hundred thousand or any other sum, except our national debt, for being the object of such epistles. The following will serve as a specimen of the grammar, the rhetoric, the spelling, and the sentiment of the whole:

BOSTON, Mass Oct 2 1865

Munday 100 o'clock a.m. my Dear and best Beloved and Respected and Honored in my heart to Anna J. Craig my dear you may pardon me for writing you at Chicago. Before I left that place I left a second day after I wrote you my Love in her heart has Ached and I have felt bad for doing. But uncle Elisha coaxed me to go with him East to see Doc Warren and I done so I shall leave in a few days for Chicago and then for your place I hope I will get a few lines from you at Chicago I cannot run the risk of a Surgeon operation until I have my matters all settled it is a great risk so says Doc Warren and 3 others But I cannot putt it off Longer than next spring at the farthest. Now I will write you from Chicago and Lett you know all of the particulars about what my doc says. Mandys now you have all my Love and Esteem and respect Keep a good heart in order to keep up your spirits I have looked at your miniature at least 12 Dozen times a how I love you and you dont Believe one word of it a how I want to hear from you I know the way I feel their is a letter for me at Chicago from you I wish I had wings that I would fly to your arms and see you for that is nearly all the happiness I have is in your company yours as eaver you have had all of my love and sincere regard and I hoop always will you write me so I can get yours against I arrive at Chicago my love and regard and good wishes to your mother and father and beloved Brother you as eaver.

E. C. S.

What operation the old codger was going to have performed we don't know; but if he had contemplated the cutting off of such a head as he carried over his shoulders, it would not have been amiss. He has been saddled with an hundred thousand for his grammar, his rhetoric, his orthography and his love; and now, if the same jury would fine the woman another hundred thousand for the crime of accepting the marriage vows of such a mockery of human nature as Sprague, it would do another good work. The two hundred thousand thus obtained should be devoted to the erection of an hospital for the everlasting celibacy of such miscreant lovers as Miss Craig and Mr. Sprague, of Chicago.

England and the Irish Church.

Things in England indicate a collision between the Commons and Lords. The Commons, as the representatives of the people, have passed a bill for the disestablishment of the Irish Church, but the Lords will not adopt the bill. What then? Must the present English Ministers resign and the Commons go to their constituents for re-election? Something must be done, or in other words, either the Lords or the Commons must back down from the position they now occupy. Both Houses of Parliament can't stand thus, and neither can the Ministers.

It does seem to us that England is having a pretty rough time with her colonies.

The people of Ireland are not the only ones of her subjects with whom she is having trouble. Her people are growing affar off in India, and in the islands of the seas. They are not content in her possessions on this side of the Atlantic, but they will not be allowed to accomplish that end. That a monarchical constitution has been adopted seals the fate of the republican element in Spain, and makes a king upon the Spanish throne only a question of time, and that time, in our opinion, now very near at hand.

**CITY ITEMS.**

### Male High School.

The annual public examination of the Male High School will take place Friday the 17th Inst. The programme is as follows: 10 to 10 o'clock—Preparatory Freshman and Sophomore classes in Mathematics. 10 to 11—Freshman and Junior class in Latin and Greek. 11 to 12—Sophomore and Junior in Natural Science. 12 to 1—Freshman, Sophomore and Juulor in German and French.

1 to 2—Juniors and Seniors in History and Literature. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

10 to 11—Choice Fruits.

We are prepared to supply our customers daily with the choicest berries and fruits in their season, and every Saturday evening will have a supply picked the same day for Sunday use. Every Monday at 10 o'clock, in time for dinner, we will have them picked that morning.

Persons leaving their orders can have any articles desired delivered at their residences daily.

During the entire season we will have a full supply of fruits, raised on our own grounds, and in our own orchards, which we will guarantee to be fresh and of the choicest quality.

H. S. DUNCAN & SON, Nos. 62, 63, and 64 Central Market.

GOOD TURK is due our readers when we command to them the AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON. The same judicious management is continued which has rendered it so popular in the past.

MISS JUDITH RUSSEL, of New Bedford, writes: I have been afflicted with severe recurring cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. While visiting some friends in New York, who were using PLANTATION BITTERS, they prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine-glass full before each meal. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being. My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of PLANTATION BITTERS.

GOOD TURK is due our readers when we command to them the AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON. The same judicious management is continued which has rendered it so popular in the past.

MAGNOLIA WATER—Superior to the best German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

The Annual Examination at the Louisville Female College will commence at 2 P. M. on Monday, June 7th, and continue four days.

The annual address before the Graduating Class will be delivered on Wednesday, at 8 o'clock, by Rev. B. M. Messick, at the College building.

The Commencement on Thursday, June 10th, at the Methodist church, corner of Walnut and Fifth streets, beginning at 8 P. M. The Alumnae meet June 10th, at 8 A. M., and the Board of Trustees at 3 P. M., Thursday, June 10, 1869.

S. PRETTYMAN, President.

The foregoing enactment will be strictly enforced.

T. E. BRINLY, J. H. SHIVELY, B. M. F. FORD, T. B. CALDWELL, J. LAWRENCE SMITH, Presidents.

W. E. GROVE, MERCHANT TAILOR, AND DEALER IN FURNISHING GOODS, No. 92 Jefferson st., north side, bet. Third and Fourth, opposite Tripp's Music Store, LOUISVILLE, KY.

J. LOU. BEELER is with him, a popular river captain.

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J. LO

# DAILY EXPRESS.

LOUISVILLE.

THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1869.

SPRAGUE IN NEWARK.

The Workingmen Greeting Their Senator Champion.

Last Monday night the workingmen of Newark, N. J., tendered Senator Sprague, of Rhode Island, a serenade. The affair was initiated by the Harness Makers' Union, one of the largest workingmen's organizations in Newark. The workingmen formed in procession at the corner of Broad and Market streets, and headed by Reinhard's brass band, marched up to Mr. Halsted's house. Here, after a due amount of music and cheering, the Senator and Mr. Halsted appeared on the porch of the house, when Mr. Halsted introduced the Senator to the multitude. He was received with great enthusiasm, and he said:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: You are from New Jersey and I am from New England. I have, in presenting myself to you, no man's interest in view. I am for the people of this country for our reason, and that is that by and through the people of the country the nation is great. I have come from my home late to meet you, and to apologize for that lateness and for the shortness of my address here to-night, because on to-morrow it is my expectation to give you those utterances which I believe is for your benefit, and for the benefit of the nation. [Applause.] I stand here simply as the advocate of those interests which will contribute to the nation's advancement. I stand here in the advocacy of any special interest tending in that direction. Why do I stand before you or before any portion of the American people in the advocacy of peculiar views? I do so because I have assumed the high prerogative of a Senator of the United States voluntarily.

MISMANAGEMENT OF WORKMEN.

I have assumed high duties and obligations, and in assuming them I have sworn to discharge my duty regardless of consequences. And in the discharge of that duty I have in the investigation of your affairs come to the conclusion that they are mismanaged—from ignorance or from willfulness. I care not which. Each is equally criminal in its way. I have come to the conclusion that the great interests of this country are jeopardized and in danger, and I have sworn to show the people wherein those interests are jeopardized and in danger. And in the consideration of these subjects I have brought into these considerations the progress of other people as favorably situated as you yourselves are.

THE SENATOR'S SOUTHERN TRIP.

It has been my fortune recently to travel over the greater portion of the Southern States, and to associate with the Southern people. They, as well as you, are deeply anxious concerning their fate, as well as the fate of Republican institutions. They believe that they are at this time under a greater trial than ever before, even when they themselves were antagonizing themselves against the form and power of the Government of the United States. I have asked them to place themselves upon common ground with us, and that is upon that ground which will contribute most to the material advancement and prosperity of the people of the North and South.

THE FATE OF THE NATION.

I work in that direction because as an American citizen I do not desire, and if my voice has any effect, I will not permit that we shall be any but the foremost nation in civilization.

But, my friends, when I examine the position, the character, and the progress of the nations which are associated with us in civilization, and am encouraged by our own success. And it is for that reason alone that I come before you, and I raise my voice everywhere in deep anxiety concerning the fate of the nation. The fate of this nation it may not be strange in your reflections personal to yourselves that the nation itself should be considered when there is deep and anxious concern touching the living of each individual.

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THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.

The General Land Office has just received returns from the local office at Tallahassee, Florida, showing that during the past month fifty-four farms, embracing five thousand six hundred and sixty acres, were added to the productive area of that State under the provisions of the homestead law, which requires actual residence upon and cultivation of the tracts for a period of five years.

PERSONAL.

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THE PRACTICE OF POKER.

The President bowed but made no verbal reply. The visitors then approached in line and were introduced and shook hands, and as this ceremony was completed he retired.

REMOVALS IN THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Several of the most prominent clerks connected with the Secretary's office in the Treasury department were removed yesterday, among them S. C. Marsh, F. V. Robinson, and Samuel Cutts, of the warrant division.

The two former have been in charge of the general account and public debt statement for a number of years. The two were removed under Gen. Butler, who was to prepare the public debt statement. C. C. Waldrup, of the warrent division, has been removed, and W. A. Shannon, chief of that division, has resigned.

APPOINTMENT.

The President has appointed D. C. Marsh Collector of Customs for the District of East Texas, North and New Mexico.

No public movement is so open to the attacks of caricature and satire as the clamor made by a few masculine females for woman's rights. Every phase of it is susceptible of ridicule; the bare thought of a society metamorphosis such as these women propose to bring about, is enough to excite the risibles. We are not sure but that the caricaturist can accomplish more in fighting this thing of woman's rights, than all the logicians combined.

A dead end, and a happy appreciation of the ridiculous can portray the absurdity of this female crusade, but a few rough lines, better than a dozen, laborious essays. A movement must be pretty thoroughly grounded in common sense, and popularly that can stand the hot shot of satire.

We are led into these remarks probably by seeing a caricature in the New York Telegram. The artist has found his theme in the title of Anna Dickinson's new lecture, "Nothing Unreasonable." He takes us to the privacy of a boudoir chamber, and gives us a rich scene in woman's rights. The husband and wife are quietly swapping costumes, preparatory to an entire reversal of positions in society. The wife is built very much like a witch in "Macbeth"—angular and decidedly of the dried up species. She is coolly drawing on her husband's pants. He stands in front of the boudoir, engaged in the very manly occupation of lacing a corset about his ponderous chest; his elephantine legs are already encased in a pair of unmentionable undergarments, peculiar to the female sex, and a skeleton skirt is pendant from his hips. The picture is indescribably funny and suggestive; it is a whole volume of telling comments on woman's rights.

THE PRINTING BUREAU.

Preparations are now being made to resume work in the printing division of the Treasury Department. When about two hundred male and as many female employees recently suspended will be reinstated.

LETTER FROM HON. A. H. STEPHENS.

Alex. H. Stephens, of Georgia, has a letter in one of the Washington papers to-day in reply to some criticisms on his history of the rebellion. He takes up a very gloomy view of the situation, and argues that we are drifting into consolidation and empire. Nothing, he says, is newer than the final establishment of a despotism, an empire, on the part of the people to preserve free institutions. The remedy, he says, is not in peces-

## LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

### WASHINGTON.

Radical Platform for the Fall Campaign.

Forney Denies Having a Hand In It.

The Choice Between Republicanism and Imperialism.

FORNEY.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The Chronicle to-day denies that Forney and company have been engaged to plan whatever to place a plank in the Radical platform for the fall campaign relating to the Alabama claims, war with England or the acquisition of Canadian territory, and says that it knows of no Republican politicians here engaged in any such proposition. It is therefore contradicted to the above effect telegraphed to the New York and Western evening papers.

THE BELGIAN MISSION.

The opposition of Senators Sumner and Anthony to the appointment of Russell M. Moulder to Belgium has availed nothing, and there is now no longer any doubt of Sanford's suspension and Jones being commissioned. When Sumner ascertained to-day that Jones had been commissioned, he declared that it was an appointment wholly unfit to be made. Messrs. Sumner, Cameron, Morton and Anthony, of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, did not believe that the President would reappoint a man whom the Senate had virtually rejected, and Sumner remained here to oppose Jones. He probably caused the hitch in the appointment last week.

A SHORT RESPITE.

The President and family left to-night at 9 o'clock for West Point, and Boutwell started for Boston. Other members of the Cabinet will leave here this week.

GEORGIA.

It was expected that some policy on the Georgia matter would be decided by the administration here, but the President has decided to await the result of Gen. Terry's effort to support the civil authorities there by an armed force.

THE SON OF TEMPERANCE.

The national division of the Sons of Temperance, who are holding a convention here, have passed resolutions to ask Congress at its next session to pass a prohibitory liquor law for the District of Columbia, and to punish with heavy fine and imprisonment all who vote late it.

MIDNIGHT RIOTS.

The evening papers continue to publish accounts of midnight riots among the negroes. Several arrests have at last been made, and the police committed to jail.

WITHDRAWAL OF BONDS.

The Treasury Department to-day received applications from several national banks for withdrawal of their bonds on file as security for government deposits. They say that they derive no benefits from being depositaries, and prefer to use the bonds now locked up in the Treasury.

THE HOMESTEAD LAW IN FLORIDA.

The General Land Office has just received returns from the local office at Tallahassee, Florida, showing that during the past month fifty-four farms, embracing five thousand six hundred and sixty acres, were added to the productive area of that State under the provisions of the homestead law, which requires actual residence upon and cultivation of the tracts for a period of five years.

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# DAILY EXPRESS.

## ADVERTISING RATES

### THE LOUISVILLE EXPRESS.

Square, first insertion	\$1.00
Next five insertions, each	50
One week	25
Two weeks	50
Three weeks	100
Four weeks	150
Two months	175
Three months	200

Two lines equal a square, or their equivalent in space, to be considered a square.

Advertisements on first and third pages 25% per word.

Advertisements inserted every other day 25 per word additional.

Advertisements inserted at intervals, 10% per cent additional.

Advertisements to occupy fixed places, 50 per word.

Double column advertisements, 25 per cent additional.

Transit advertisements must be paid for in advance.

Transit Announcements, \$1 per square for each insertion.

"Wants" 25¢ per word, "For Sales," etc., 25 cents each insertion of first insertion.

Wants—25¢ per word, and City Items 15 cents each insertion.

Marriage and Death Notices, 50 cents each.

All bills due on first insertion of every insertion.

All bills due on first insertion, except for established business houses, with whom we have running accounts, must be paid or in advance.

Louisville.

THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1869.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

### NEW YORK.

#### MORE OF THE CUBAN REBELLION.

Belligerency Recognized by Chile.

The United States will not Cooperate.

The Peruvian Recognition Officially Announced.

Peru and Chile Want to Fight the Spaniards.

Caving in of a Large Manufactory.

Disappearance of a Wealthy Englishman.

NEW YORK, June 10.

Valparaiso letters state that the belligerent rights of the insurgents have been recognized by the Chilean Government. In the discussion upon the subject in the Senate, reference was made to Mr. Seward's speech, in Havana, in laudation of the Spanish Government, and the belief was expressed that the United States would not co-operate in the recognition.

A letter from Lima, Peru, states that President Botta has issued his decree formally recognizing the Cabans as belligerents and sending them the usual privileges. The Peruvian and Chilean ministers in Washington have been specially instructed to ask a withdrawal of the promises made by Peru to keep the Peruvian monitors out of a conflict with the Spaniards during their transit to Peru. Minister Hovey had sailed for the United States on leave.

NEW YORK, June 10.

The large stove manufactory of Murrell & Co., Elizabeth, N. J., fell in yesterday, carrying all the stoves and material of the building into the basement, destroying a considerable amount of property. Fortunately none of the employees, numbering near a hundred, were in the building when the accident occurred.

A L. Stoddard, a wealthy Englishman staying at the Buxton House with Sir L. Barrington, ex-Mayor of London, has disappeared suddenly. It is feared he has been foully dealt with.

### OHIO.

#### TERrible TORNADO AT MIAMI- ISBURG.

Houses Unroofed, Fences Blown Down, &c.

Boy Killed by a Stone from a Sling.

CINCINNATI, June 10.

Yesterday evening at 5 o'clock there was a fierce tornado. At Miamisburg, Montgomery county, one bridge over the Great Miami was demolished and another partially unroofed. Fences and chimneys were blown down and houses unroofed. The depot rocked so as to stop the clock. The path of the tornado was narrow and short. It did not touch elsewhere in the vicinity.

A son of John Capp, of Dayton, aged about 13 years, was instantly killed yesterday, in that town, by a stone thrown from a sling in the hands of another boy.

### ALBANY.

#### BANQUET OF THE TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.

Three Hundred Persons Present.

Letters Read, Speeches Made and Toasts Given.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 10.

The banquet of the National Typographical Union, last night, was a fine affair. Three hundred persons were present. President Trickleton welcomed the guests.

Letters were read from prominent editors of the country.

Speeches were made in response to the toasts offered, by Messrs. Pinta, of Chicago; J. D. George, of Nashville; J. D. Hayden, of St. Louis; Myron H. Rocker, of Albany, and others.

### NEW JERSEY.

Curious Breach of Promise Case.

TRENTON, N. J., June 9.

The celebrated Harrison and Vreeland case, which originated in a suit brought in the Hudson City Circuit Court last January, by Mrs. Harrison, a widow of forty-five, against Geo. Vreeland, a wealthy lover of eighty-three, for breach of promise, is now being argued in the Supreme Court on the motion of the defendant for a new trial.

### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Railroad Commissioners' Report.

CONCORD, N. H., June 10.

The report of the railroad commissioners, sent to the Legislature yesterday, shows the condition of the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad, since leased by the Grand Trunk Railroad, to be very bad, unfit for freight transportation and unsafe for passenger travel. They recommend some action of the Legislature to force the lessees to place the road in proper order.

### MONETARY & COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE EXPRESS.

Thursday, June 10, 1869.

The condition of the money market does not improve. There is an active demand, and banks can hardly supply their customers at the regular rates.

The following quotations of our gold and government bond market have been furnished us by Messrs. Thomas and Wm. Maize, specie, stock and bond brokers, No. 145 West Main street, over the Citizens' Bank.

Gold opened at—

10:00 A. M. 138½ 11:10 A. M. 139½

10:25 A. M. 139½ 12:10 P. M. 139

Buying. Selling.

Gold..... 138..... 139

Silver dollars..... 122..... 122

Silver ½ and ¼..... 128..... 128

Silver dimes and half dimes..... 125..... 125

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 6 per cent bonds, 1881..... 120½

Five-twentieths, 1882..... 122½

Five-twentieths, 1883..... 122½

Five-twentieths, 1885..... 117½

Five-twentieths (new), 1865..... 118½

Five-twentieths, 1867..... 118½

Five-twentieths, 1869..... 118½

Ten-twentieths..... 107½ 108½

Exchanges on New York city is more plentiful and demand moderate. Banks are buying at 1-10 to 50 discount, and selling at par to 1-10 prem.

The demand for local stocks and bonds continues good, and considerable changing hands at former prices.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad stock firm at 66½ to 67. Demand active.

### COMMERCIAL.

There is a fair degree of animation in the general markets, and in all articles of prime necessity a reasonable trade is reported.

BAGGING AND ROPE.—Is in fair request, and prices are steady. Sales are made in small lots to dealers at a shade under our quotations. We quote: 2-pound Ky. hemp bagging 21½c; 14-pound coarse 21c; 14½c; 14½c; 14c; 13½c; 13c; 12½c.

CANDLES.—We note a fair demand, and prices are quatably unchanged. We quote 20c for full weight star, and 15c for 12-oz. star. Tallow candles are steady at 14½c per lb.

Eggs—Prices are unchanged. We note sales on arrival at 16½c per doz.

POTATOES.—We note a slight decline in no. 1 Potatoes, with sales at \$300 20; old are held at \$1 25½c doz., packed, and \$1 00 a 12½c per lb.

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WAX.—We note a slight decline in tallow. Receipts continue fair. We quote unwashed clothing at 31½c; washed 31½c; Pulled wool at 16½c; tub-washed at 14½c.

GROCERIES.—Prices are quatably unchanged and the market is quiet. We quote N. O. sugars, 12½c for common to strictly choice; refined, 15½c. Coffee is steady at 20c for common to choice. N. O. molasses is steady at 70c for common, and 80c for strictly prime.

FLOUR.—The market continues to show weakness, and we note a decline on common and medium grades. We quote: Fine, 4½c 25; superfine, 4 50½c 00; extra, 5 00½c 25; extra family, 5 50½c 00; A No. 1, 7 00½c 50; fancy, 8 00½c 75. Rye flour, 7 00½c 25.

APPLES.—Strictly prime to choice are held at \$8½ per lb.

GRAIN.—The market is quiet. Wheat is nominal at \$1 100 for red and white. Corn is held at 65½c for shelled in bulk; ear corn at 65½c with light sales at 70c. Oats are steady at 67½c with light sales at 72c.

PROVISIONS.—The market is buoyant, and we note a general increase in demand, and dealers are confident that rates will be maintained.

WHISKEY.—The market is quiet and the tendency is for lower quotations for raw. We quote at 9½c per lb. Redfied is unchanged and steady at \$1 100 per gallon.

LEAF TOBACCO.—The offerings to-day amounted to 346 hds, and prices are fully maintained.

### SALES.

The Pickett House sold 68 hds at \$5 40 for trash, and \$16 75 for Owen county cutting.

The Farmers' House sold 47 hds at \$6 for trash, and \$18 for Owen county cutting.

The Ninth Street House sold 60 hds.

The Boone House sold 69 hds.

The Planters' House sold 12 hds.

RANGE OF BINS.—For sale at two houses: 3 at \$16½ 75, 3 at 15 00½ 75, 2 at 14 00½ 14 75, 3 at 13 00½ 13 75, 10 at 11 00½ 11 75, 9 at 10 00½ 10 75, 18 at 9 00½ 9 75, 15 at 8 00½ 8 75, 13 at 7 00½ 7 50, 30 at 6 00½ 8 0, 5 at 5 00½ 9 0.

ROBBERY at a Water-Cure Establishment.

BUFFALO, June 4.

H. C. Fiske, Superintendent of the Erie railway, Dr. Potter and several friends were robbed at a water-cure establishment here yesterday while bathing. Dr. Potter lost \$20,000 in certificates of deposit on the Warren Bank of Pennsylvania, and others. An attendant had been arrested.

JOHN NEWMAN, Mary Newman and John Henderson were arrested at the Grand Trunk railroad depot to-day, while en route to Toronto, charged with robbing the American Express Company in Philadelphia. From letters on them it was discovered that the same parties committed a recent heavy robbery at Fort Wayne, Ind. Mary Newman had \$1,100 on her person. All were held for examination.

FLAX.—Quiet and steady.

GRAIN.—Wheat steady, demand fair, nominally \$1 41. Corn dry but firm, and boulders high. Oats quiet and steady.

RECEIPTS.—Flour, 1,500 bush.; wheat 174,000 bush.; corn 50,000 bush.

PROVISIONS.—Lard, bacon, flour, lard, bacon, and ham advanced to \$32 00. Lard quiet but firm.

HOGS.—Live steady and demand fair at 8½c per lb.

CATTLE.—Steady demand fair at 13½c per lb.

RECEIPTS.—Flour 120 bush.

GRAIN.—Wheat, corn, oats, and barley nominal.

### NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, June 10—M.

Arrived—Steamer London. Departed—

Agents.—Very firm and holders are asking higher rates than 20½c.

FLOUR.—Demand fair and prices firm. Sacks \$10 00, XX \$12 25, and XXX \$13 50.

WHEAT.—Corn, flour, white, 14½c; oats, 10½c; rye, 13½c.

COFFEE.—12½c per lb.

PROVISIONS.—Lard, bacon, flour, lard, bacon, and ham advanced to \$32 00.

MOLASSES.—Dull and nominal; fermenting 4½c.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, June 10—M.